

Examiners' Report Principal Examiner Feedback

January 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In English as a Second Language (4ES1) Paper 01 Reading and Writing

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January 2020
Publications Code 4ES1_01_2001_ER
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Paper Background:

The Reading and Writing Paper is divided into six parts as follows:

Part	Topic	Question types and marks	
Part 1 Reading	Extract from a book: 'To The Top: The Story Of Everest'	Multiple matching (10)	
Part 2 Reading	Article: 'Time to Declutter?'	short answer questions (10) multiple choice (5)	
Part 3 Reading	Article: `Smart Hand Pumps'	true/false/not given (5) sentence completion (10) summary completion (5)	
Part 4 Writing	An email to a friend about buying a gift for a teacher	informal email (10) 75 – 100 word response	
Part 5 Writing	A report for the school magazine on the importance of being active	semi-formal report (20) 100 – 150 word response	
Part 6 Writing	Writing a summary of a text: 'Why Travel by Train?'	formal summary (25) 100 – 150 word response	

Performance on the Reading Paper:

Part 1

Matching Information to Paragraphs

In general, candidates found this part of the paper accessible and a majority of candidates followed the instructions in terms of how to address the task.

However, some candidates are crossing more than one box in response to a
question and not indicating which response is the correct one. In cases such
as these, where there is more than one response given, even if the correct
response has been given, this will be marked incorrect.

Part 2

Short Answer Questions

In some cases, the short answer questions in this part of the paper proved challenging for candidates. The instructions ask candidates to use no more than three words in their response, to source their responses from one point in the text and to not answer in complete sentences.

• Some candidates are providing responses that are over three words long and in some cases responding in full sentences.

- In some cases, candidates are repeating elements of the question and then adding their responses. Candidates are not required to repeat any of the questions in their responses.
- What candidates write in response to the short answer questions should come from only one point in the source text. Candidates are not expected to formulate a response by putting together words found in different parts of the source text.
- Candidates sometimes struggle with what to write once they have located a
 possible response within the text and this often results in them writing too
 much or reformulating information in the source text.
- For this part of the Paper, any comprehensible spelling of the correct answer is acceptable.

Examples of Performance:

Question 13

Question: Which types of goods are sometimes not accepted by charity shops?

Response: electrical (items)

This information appears in the fourth paragraph: 'Not all charity shops can accept **electrical items**'.

Some candidates responded with 'broken goods' and 'parts and spares' which are not acceptable responses. The first line of the third paragraph states 'Charity shops want goods that are clean, **in working order** and desirable'.

Question 15

Question: Which activity should be avoided after decluttering the home?

Response: (a) shopping (spree)

The target response appears in the fifth paragraph: 'The purpose of decluttering is not to make room in the house for **a shopping spree**'. Some candidates located the correct paragraph for this response. However, they gave responses such as 'one-way process' and '(buying) needless things' which were not acceptable responses. 'One-way process' does not indicate an activity that should be avoided and neither does 'needless things'. The response 'buying needless things' does not exist in the text and is a reformulation of 'needless things are no longer bought'. It is not necessary for candidates to reformulate the text to arrive at their responses.

Question 18

Question: According to Sarah Mace, which items has she bought but never used?

Response: clothes

This response appears in the eighth paragraph: 'I was forced to confront my poor decisions (impulse purchases, wasted money, **clothes** I never wore) and my failure to continue a hobby after I had started it'. Some candidates offered incorrect responses such as 'handmade gifts' and 'cupboards'. 'Handmade gifts' are not items that Sarah Mace has bought for herself and 'cupboards' is referenced in the text as a place where Sarah Mace kept items of sentimental value.

Multiple Choice Questions

In general, candidates successfully followed the instructions for these questions, indicating one response only to each question.

Part 3

True/False/Not Given Questions

In general, candidates successfully followed the instructions for these questions, indicating True/False or Not Given for each of the questions.

Gap Fill Questions

The gap fill questions in this part of the paper proved challenging for candidates. The instructions ask candidates to use no more than three words in their responses, to source their responses from one point in the text and to consider the 'grammatical fit' of their responses.

- Some candidates are providing responses that are over three words long.
- Candidates sometimes struggle with what to write once they have located a possible response within the text and this often results in them writing too much or reformulating information in the source text.
- Candidates also have to consider the 'grammatical fit' of their responses in

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the given sentences. For this section of questions, managed to find the correct answer to the question added, for example, an article, or made a response impacted on grammatical fit, the response was rew For this part of the Paper, any comprehensible spe is acceptable.	n, but have omitte e singular or plura varded.	ed or I, which
camples of Performance:		
• Question 31	:-	Africa
Question: A large number of those living in are reliant on hand pumps. Response: rural communities The target response appears in the first paragracase in some parts of Africa where people in ru on hand pumps for water'. Some candidates responded to this question wi not a grammatical fit in the sentence. Others re 'communities' and 'rural' which were not specific	aph: 'This is espective is a communities of the communities of the communities of the community of the commu	cially the s depend hich is enya',
responses, and in the case of 'rural', not a gran	-	•
• Question 33		
Question: If there is problem with a pump,	an	is sent
for a repair to be done.		
Response: (immediate) alert This information appears in the second paragra provides an immediate alert to a maintenance working and then generates a guaranteed repart Other responses to this question included 'inforteam' which were not possible as they do not find.	e team if the pum ir service'. mation' and 'mair	ip is not
sentence.		

Question 40

Question: The initial pilot was further developed to cover across Kenya.

Response: three counties

The response appears in the final paragraph: 'More than 300 smart hand pumps are now operating across **three counties** in Kenya.'

Many candidate responses focused on '300 smart hand pumps' which is not an acceptable response as it is over the three word limit for this part of the Paper. Others tried to reformulate this phrase and gave '300 hand pumps' as a response, while others offered 'smart hand pumps' and 'hand pumps' as responses. These responses are not correct in terms of the information given in the text.

Summary Completion

In general, candidates found this part of the paper accessible and most candidates followed the instructions in terms of how to address the task.

Advice to centres:

- Prepare candidates for the reading tasks by familiarising them with the style of the paper and with the types of questions they can expect to find
- Advise students to follow the instructions in the rubric when answering questions and to adhere to the word/number limit.
- Advise candidates that they should only use words/numbers taken directly from the text.
- Advise candidates that when completing sentence completion and short answer questions, the words they need run together in the text and candidates do not need to do any reformulation of the text.
- Candidates should consider the grammatical fit of their answers in sentence completion questions.
- Candidates should make sure they copy words from the text correctly when providing their answers.
- Remind students that the order of the questions for each task type in Parts 2 and 3 follow the order of the source text. For example, if the response to Q11 is at the end of the first paragraph then the answer to Q12 has to come at some point after this, and not before the answer to Q11.

Performance on the Writing Paper:

A general reminder for this part of the paper is for candidates to write as clearly as possible. In some cases, examiners found it difficult to decipher what candidates had written. As always, examiners do their utmost to work out meaning. If, during the marking process, candidates use lexis that is unfamiliar to examiners or the senior management team, these words are routinely checked for meaning and their suitability for the task assessed.

Part 4

Candidates found Part 4 to be an accessible writing task, as would be expected, with it being an informal email to a friend. Part 4 was successfully responded to by the majority of candidates. The style and register necessary for a written communication with a friend were confidently applied, with a good range of vocabulary and grammar. The majority of candidates made effective use of paragraphing and cohesive devices.

A small number of responses for Part 4 were over the 100 word limit, as some candidates gave much fuller and more detailed responses than was necessary. In some cases, lengthy introductory paragraphs made it difficult for the candidate to then respond to the task bullets in 100 words. Where information about one or more of the bullet points was given after the 100 word limit, this content could not be credited.

Candidates who were least successful in this part of the paper were those who did not adhere to the word count and those who wrote lengthy introductions. In some cases the language used in the introduction did not suit the rest of the response. The use of irrelevant language impacts on how the response communicates and on cohesion.

When marking this task, the focus is placed on the main body of the response. It is not necessary for candidates to recreate an email/letter format with the use of address, date, to, from and subject etc. This task simply starts informally with, for example, 'Hi Mary' and closes equally informally with, for example, 'Hope to see you soon, Susan' or another similar informal expression.

When doing a word count for this task, examiners are asked to look at the main body of the response. The word count commences with the greeting at the beginning, e.g., Hi Mary and concludes with the closing phrase, e.g., See you soon, Susan. The word count does not include anything written before the opening phrase, e.g., addresses, dates, to, from and subject.

Part 5

Candidates also found Part 5 to be an accessible writing task due to the topic. In general, candidates were able to positively demonstrate their understanding of the style and register needed to write a semi-formal report and responded to this task well. A wide range of vocabulary was used, and candidates attempted to use a variety of grammar structures. Many candidates were able to write a concise report, remaining below the word count whilst providing a very effective response to this writing task. However, as in previous series', come candidates exceeded the word limit for this task.

Part 6

This year, as well as being able to gain 20 marks for writing the summary, candidates were also rewarded for reading and identifying the five pieces of information asked for in the first two bullet points. The third bullet point asked candidates to make predictions on the topic in question.

- give **three** ways in which train travel is more convenient than other forms of travel
- state two ways in which train travel is more comfortable than other forms of travel
- give **your predictions** on how train travel may change in the future

As with previous series', the summarising task was the most challenging for candidates. A number of candidates successfully extracted the required information from the text and were able to present this information using their own words, linking their ideas effectively and making good use of paragraphing.

In some cases, where candidates were able to extract the necessary information from the text (gaining 5 marks for the reading element of the task) they were unable to put this into their own words. Some candidates were overly reliant on the source text. Where candidates did make some attempt to use their own words, having to pick out the relevant points from the text combined with the need to formulate a summary, meant that responses sometimes lacked cohesion and there were issues with grammatical and lexical accuracy.

Where candidates had copied directly and entirely from the source text, or done so and used isolated words or phrases of their own, these responses were not awarded any marks for lexis or grammar, but were credited for communicative quality, effective organisation and for the reading element of the task.

This year, possibly due to candidates being familiar with the concept of the text, there were a number of responses where candidates had added their own ideas and interpretations. As a consequence, candidates included irrelevant information and strayed from summarising the actual details given in the source text. In addition, there were some candidates who gave their own opinions on train travel. On a general note, for the first two bullet points, candidates are not expected to include material which does not summarise information given in the source text.

Candidates are not penalised for including more information from the source text than requested by the bullet points. The only requirement is that the bullet points are covered adequately within the candidate's response and within the word limit. However, the additional information provided should be related to the task bullets and not for example, a general summary of the whole text, which indicates that candidates are unable to pick out task relevant information.

In general, writing a short introduction and a good conclusion, which now takes the form of candidate predictions for the future, makes for a more cohesive response and one that communicates more successfully.

Advice to centres:

- Work with students on a range of writing tasks: letters and emails (informal) and reports, articles and letters (semi-formal) to develop understanding of appropriate style and register.
- Develop student summarising skills using appropriate texts.
- Remind students that they need to try and use their own words for the summarising task in order to access the full range of marks.
- Advise students to respond to all the bullet points as they lose marks for not doing so.
- Remind students that if they go beyond the given word limit and address
 any of the bullet points outside the word limit, they will not be rewarded for
 this material.
- Remind students to focus on including information from the source text when addressing the first two bullet points in the summarising task and to include their own ideas and interpretations for the third bullet point.

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